

Dental PBRN Study 10: Caries Risk Assessment Form (Ages >18)

	Dental I Billy Study 10. Suries ins	Low Risk (0)	Moderate Risk (1)	High Risk (10)	Patient Risk
	Contributing Conditions				
I.	Fluoride Exposure (through drinking water, supplements, professional applications, toothpaste)	Yes	No		
II.	Sugary or Starchy Foods or Drinks (including juice, carbonated or non-carbonated soft drinks, energy drinks, medicinal syrups)	Primarily at mealtimes		Frequent or prolonger between meal exposures/day	
III.	Dental Home: established patient of record, receiving regular dental care in a dental office	Yes	No		
	General Health Conditions				
I.	Special Health Care Needs*	No	Yes (over age 14)	Yes (ages 6-14)	
II.	Chemo/Radiation Therapy	No		Yes	
III.	Eating Disorders	No	Yes		
IV.	Smokeless Tobacco Use	No	Yes		
V.	Medications that Reduce Salivary Flow	No	Yes		
VI.	Drug/Alcohol Abuse	No	Yes		
	Clinical Conditions				
I.	Cavitated or Non-Cavitated (incipient) Carious Lesions or Restoration (visually or radiographically evident)	No new carious lesions or restorations in last 36 months	1 or 2 new carious lesions or restorations in last 36 months	3 or more carious lesions or restorations in last 36 months	
II.	Teeth Missing Due to Caries in the past 36 Months	No		Yes	
III.	Visible Plaque	No	Yes		
IV.	Unusual Tooth Morphology that compromises oral hygiene	No	Yes		
V.	Interproximal Restorations – 1 or more	No	Yes		
VI.	Exposed Root Surfaces Present	No	Yes		
VII.	Restorations with Overhangs and/or Open Margins; Open Contacts with Food Impactions	No	Yes		
VIII.	Dental/Orthodontic Appliances (fixed or removed)	No	Yes		
IX.	Severe Dry Mouth (Xerostomia)	No		Yes	
				TOTAL:	

Indicate 0, 1 or 10 in the last column for each risk factor. If the risk factor was not determined or is not applicable, enter a 0 in the patient risk factor column. Total the factor values and record the score at the bottom of the page.

A score of 0 indicates a patient has a low risk for the development of caries. A single high risk factor, or score of 10, places the patient at high risk for development of caries. Scores between 1 and 10 place the patient at a moderate risk for the development of caries. Subsequent scores should decrease with reduction of risks and therapeutic intervention.